# IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR THE NORTHERN DISTRICT OF TEXAS DALLAS DIVISION

ICON LASER SOLUTIONS LLC	§	
	§	
Plaintiff,	§	
	§	CIVIL ACTION NO. 3:14-cv-2622
v.	§	
	§	JURY TRIAL DEMANDED
THE GAP, INC.,	§	
	<b>§</b>	
Defendant.	<b>§</b>	

## PLAINTIFF'S ORIGINAL COMPLAINT

Plaintiff ICON LASER SOLUTIONS LLC files this Original Complaint against Defendant THE GAP, INC., alleging as follows:

## I. THE PARTIES

- 1. Plaintiff ICON LASER SOLUTIONS LLC ("Plaintiff" or "Icon Laser") is a limited liability company organized and existing under the laws of the State of Texas, with a principal place of business in Fort Worth, Texas.
- 2. Upon information and belief, THE GAP, INC. ("Defendant") is a Delaware corporation with a principal place of business in San Francisco, California. Defendant may be served with process by serving its Registered Agent, CT Corporation System, 1999 Bryan St., Ste. 900, Dallas, TX 75201-3136.

#### II. <u>JURISDICTION AND VENUE</u>

- 3. This is an action for infringement of a United States patent. Federal question jurisdiction over such action is conferred on this Court under 28 U.S.C. §§ 1331 and 1338(a).
- 4. Upon information and belief, Defendant has had minimum contacts with the Dallas Division of the Northern District of Texas such that this venue is fair and reasonable. Defendant has committed such purposeful acts or transactions in this district that it reasonably

should know and expect that it could be hauled into this Court as a consequence of such activity.

Upon information and belief, Defendant has transacted and, at the time of the filing of this

Complaint, is transacting business within the Dallas Division of the Northern District of Texas.

5. For these reasons, personal jurisdiction exists and venue is proper in this Court under 28 U.S.C. §§ 1391(b) and (c) and 28 U.S.C. § 1400(b).

## III. PATENT INFRINGEMENT

- 6. On October 22, 1996, United States Patent No. 5,567,207 was duly and legally issued for a "Method for Marking and Fading Textiles with Lasers." A true and correct copy of the '207 Patent is attached hereto as Exhibit "A" and made a part hereof. The '207 Patent is referred to as the "Patent-in-Suit."
- 7. By way of assignment, Plaintiff owns all substantial rights in and to the Patent-in-Suit, including the exclusive rights to enforce the Patent against infringers and to collect damages for all relevant times, and including the right to prosecute this action.
- 8. As it pertains to this lawsuit, the '207 Patent, generally speaking, relates to the use of a laser to color fade and selectively alter textile materials in an environmentally friendly manner.
- 9. On information and belief, Defendant, without authority, consent, right, or license, and in direct infringement of the '207 Patent, makes, has made, uses, has used, offers for sale, has offered for sale, sells, has sold, imports, or has imported systems or products that directly infringe one or more claims of the '207 Patent. By way of example only, Defendant makes, uses, sells, or offers for sale products or services by and through its various brands, including GAP, GAP Kids, and Old Navy, that are made using a method or methods that infringe at least independent claim 1, including, but not limited to, its GAP 1969 Faded Jeans, GAP 1969 Polka Dot Print Jeans, GAP

1969 Floral Laser Print Jeans, GAP Kids 1969 Skinny Jeans, Old Navy Famous Jeans, Old Navy Floral pattern clothing, Old Navy camouflage pattern clothing, GAP 1969 floral always skinny skimmer jeans, and the 1969 floral denim shirt, that directly infringe at least Claim 1 of the '207 Patent.

- 10. Defendant has had knowledge of the existence of the Patent-in-Suit and had knowledge of its infringement, both direct and indirect, at least as early as the date on which it was served with this Complaint.
- 11. Upon information and belief, Defendant will continue its infringement of the Patent-in-Suit unless enjoined by the Court. Defendant's infringing conduct has caused Plaintiff irreparable harm and will continue to cause such harm without the issuance of an injunction.

### V. <u>JURY DEMAND</u>

Plaintiff hereby requests a trial by jury pursuant to Rule 38 of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure.

### VI. PRAYER FOR RELIEF

WHEREFORE, Plaintiff respectfully requests that the Court find in its favor and against Defendant, and that the Court grant Plaintiff the following relief:

- a. Judgment that one or more claims of the Patent-in-Suit have been directly infringed, either literally or under the doctrine of equivalents, by Defendant; or judgment that one or more claims of the Patent-in-Suit have been directly infringed by others and indirectly infringed by Defendant, to the extent Defendant contributed to or induced infringement by others;
- b. Judgment that Defendant account for and compensate Plaintiff for all damages suffered by and costs incurred by Plaintiff because of Defendant's infringing activities and other conduct complained of herein;
- c. That Plaintiff be granted pre-judgment and post-judgment interest on the damages caused by Defendant's infringing activities and other conduct complained of herein;

- d. That the Court declare this an exceptional case and award Plaintiff its reasonable attorney's fees and costs in accordance with 35 U.S.C. § 285, to the extent permitted by law and equity; and
- e. That Plaintiff be granted such other and further relief as the Court may deem just and proper under the circumstances.

Dated: July 21, 2014. Respectfully submitted,

/s/ Decker A. Cammack State Bar No. 24036311 Friedman, Suder & Cooke Tindall Square Warehouse No. 1 604 East 4th Street, Suite 200 Fort Worth, Texas 76102 (817) 334-0400 Fax (817) 334-0401 cammack@fsclaw.com

ATTORNEYS FOR PLAINTIFF